

Photographs

Photo section follows page 100.

1. A wall display of its six functions (elder care, marriage counseling, public safety, public health, women's issues, and culture and education) in a Shanghai residential council in 1998. Other functions of the residential council include household registration and the implementation of government policies, such as family planning and the anti-Falun Gong campaign. In recent years, employees of the residential councils have been younger and more educated. Some of them are laid-off workers from state-owned enterprises. The most common place to draw an urban sample begins in residential councils where household registration records are kept. By Wenfang Tang.
2. Local survey team members checking household registration records with the director of a Muslim residential council in Xian. October 1999.
3. Announcement: "A training session for the 1999 urban survey will be held at 7:00 P.M. in the Office of the Student Union. Don't miss it!" Northwestern University, Xian, October 1999.
4. A project manager (standing) conducting an interviewer training session. Wuhan University, October 1999.
5. A student leader distributing to the trained student interviewers of Wuhan University the gifts for each interviewee, in this case a tablecloth. August 1999.
6. A typical Shanghai residential building where the survey interviews were conducted. August 1999.

7. Spatial sampling: (1) Randomly selected townships and city districts are divided into a number of 50×50 m squares using GPS. (2) A predetermined number of squares is randomly chosen. (3) A predetermined number of households is randomly selected from each square. (4) Finally, an individual is randomly selected from each household.
8. One sample township was hidden in the Taihang Mountains in Lingshou county, Hebei province. A communist base area during the anti-Japanese invasion, Lingshou is one of the poorest counties in the country to receive government subsidies.
9. The first household we located in the first randomly selected square, in Lingshou County, Hebei province, 2003.
10. All household addresses in each randomly selected spatial square are recorded. Lingshou, 2003.
11. We never knew what we would find until we got there. Sometimes the spatial square landed in an open field. Huairou, Beijing, 2003.
12. World map with earth lights at http://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/Newsroom/NewImages/Images/earth_lights_lrg.jpg (accessed March 24, 2005). Data courtesy Marc Imhoff, the Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC), National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), and Christopher Elvidge of the National Geophysical Data Center (NGDC), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). Image by Craig Mayhew and Robert Simon, Goddard Space Flight Center, NASA.