

## Contributors

**Alan Angell** is Emeritus Fellow of Saint Antony's College, Oxford University where he was University Lecturer in Latin American Politics and Fellow of St. Antony's College, Oxford University. Angell also served as director of the Latin American Centre at Oxford (2002–2004). His major interests are in the politics of Chile, the politics of the Left in Latin America, social policies, and the relationship between law and politics in the process of democratic transition. His recent publications include, with Rosemary Thorp and Pamela Lowden, *Decentralising Development: the Political Economy of Institutional Change in Colombia and Chile* (Oxford University Press, 2001), and *Democracy after Pinochet: Politics, Parties and Elections in Chile* (Institute for the Study of the Americas, London, 2006)

**Daniel M. Brinks** is Associate Professor of Political Science at the University of Notre Dame. His research focuses on the role of the law and courts in supporting democratic citizenship, with a primary regional interest in Latin America. His most recent projects address the judicial response to police violence in South America and the enforcement of social and economic rights around the world. He recently published *The Judicial Response to Police Killings in Latin America: Inequality and the Rule of Law* (Cambridge, 2008) and *Courting Social Justice: Judicial Enforcement of Social and Economic Rights in the Developing World* (Cambridge, 2008) (coedited with V. Gauris). He holds a PhD in Political Science from the University of Notre Dame and a JD from the University of Michigan Law School.

**Fernando Henrique Cardoso** served as President of Brazil for two terms (1995–2003). His pathbreaking scholarship on political and economic development shaped a generation of thought in Latin America. He established the Brazilian Center for Analysis and Research (CEBRAP), which became an influential think tank both in Brazil and internationally. He

served as Senator of São Paulo, Minister of Foreign Relations, and Minister of Finance before serving as Brazil's President. Among many honors and awards, he received the Notre Dame Prize for Distinguished Public Service in Latin America in 2003. He is currently the President of the Fernando Henrique Cardoso Institute in Brazil.

**Alejandro Foxley** is a Senior Associate at the Carnegie Endowment in Washington and President of CIEPLAN in Santiago, Chile. He served as the Foreign Minister of Chile from 2006–2009. Previously, he served in the Chilean Senate from 1998 until 2006, where he was Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Senate. He was Minister of Finance under President Patricio Aylwin, 1990–1994, and later was President of the Christian Democratic Party. He has been a Senior Fellow at the Helen Kellogg Institute for International Studies and Helen Kellogg Professor of Economics at the University of Notre Dame. He is a member of the Growth and Development Commission of the World Bank and has been a member of the International Advisory Board of the Council on Foreign Relations, New York, and a member of the Board of the Inter-American Dialogue, Washington. He is the founding president of CIEPLAN. He holds a PhD in Economics from the University of Wisconsin.

**José De Gregorio** has been Governor of the Central Bank of Chile since 2007. He was Vice-President of the Bank from 2003–2007, and he has been a member of its Governing Board since June 2001. Previously, he simultaneously occupied three cabinet positions as Minister of Economy, Mining, and Energy (2000–2001). In these positions he was also chairman of the Board of CODELCO, Chile's publicly owned mining companies. From 1997–2000 he served as head of postgraduate programs and professor at the Center of Applied Economics at the University of Chile, where he taught macroeconomics and international economics. De Gregorio was also director of Economic Policy at the Ministry of Finance, Chile (1994–1997) and worked as an economist at the International Monetary Fund (1990–1994). He has published widely in international academic journals and books on issues including macroeconomic policies, exchange rates, and economic growth. He holds a PhD in economics from MIT.

**Evelyn Huber** is Morehead Alumni Professor of Political Science at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill. She is the author of *The Politics of Workers' Participation: The Peruvian Approach in Comparative Perspective* (1980), coauthor of *Democratic Socialism in Jamaica* (with John D. Stephens, 1986), coauthor of *Capitalist Development and Democracy* (with Dietrich Rueschemeyer and John D. Stephens, 1992;

co-winner of the Outstanding Book Award 1991–1992 from the American Sociological Association, Political Sociology Section), and coauthor of *Development and Crisis of the Welfare State* (with John D. Stephens, 2001; winner of the Best Book Award 2001 from the American Political Science Association, Political Economy Section).

**José Miguel Insulza** was elected Secretary General of the Organization of American States in 2005. Until 1973, he was Professor of Political Theory at the University of Chile and of Political Science at Chile's Catholic University. While in exile during Pinochet's rule, he was a researcher and Director of the United States Studies Institute in the Center for Economic Research and Teaching. He taught at Mexico's National Autonomous University, the Ibero-American University, and the Diplomatic Studies Institute. Since returning to Chile, Insulza has served as Minister of Foreign Affairs, Minister and Secretary General of the Office of the President, and President Ricardo Lagos's Minister of the Interior and Vice President of the Republic. He holds a law degree from the University of Chile and a MA in Political Science from the University of Michigan.

**Scott Mainwaring** is Eugene Conley Professor of Political Science at the University of Notre Dame and Director of the Helen Kellogg Institute for International Studies. His recent books include *The Crisis of Democratic Representation in the Andes* (Stanford University Press, 2006, coedited), *The Third Wave of Democratization in Latin America: Advances and Setbacks* (Cambridge University Press, 2005, coedited), *Democratic Accountability in Latin America* (Oxford University Press, 2003, coedited), and *Christian Democracy in Latin America* (Stanford University Press, 2003, coedited).

**Juliana Martínez Franzoni** investigates at the Institute of Social Research and teaches at the School of Political Science, both at the University of Costa Rica. Her research revolves around relations between markets, states and families. Recent publications include *Domesticar la incertidumbre en América Latina: mercado laboral, política social y familias* (San José: Editorial de la Universidad de Costa Rica, 2008); "Welfare Regimes in Latin America: Capturing Constellations of Markets, Families and Policies" (*Latin American Politics and Society*, Summer 2008); and "Costa Rica's Pension Reform: A Decade of Negotiated Incremental Change" (in *Lessons from Pension Reform in the Americas*, edited by Stephen J. Kay and Tapen Sinha, New York: Oxford University Press, 2008). She holds a PhD from the University of Pittsburgh.

**Patricio Navia** teaches in the General Studies Program and is an adjunct assistant professor in the Center for Latin American and Caribbean

Studies at New York University. He is also a researcher and professor at the Instituto de Investigación en Ciencias Sociales at Universidad Diego Portales in Chile. He has published articles and book chapters on democratization, electoral rules, and democratic institutions in Latin America. His books include *Las grandes alamedas: El Chile post Pinochet* (2004) and *Que gane el más mejor. Mérito y Competencia en el Chile de hoy* (coauthored with Eduardo Engel, 2006). He holds a PhD in Politics from New York University.

**Francisco Rodríguez** is Head of Research at the Human Development Report Office. He has taught at the University of Maryland, College Park, the Instituto de Estudios Superiores de Administración in Caracas, and Wesleyan University. From 2000–2004, he served as Chief Economist to the Venezuelan National Assembly. His publications include “Trade Policy and Economic Growth: A Skeptic’s Guide to the Cross-National Evidence” (with Dani Rodrik, 2000 *NBER Macroeconomics Annual*), “Why Do Resource-Abundant Economies Grow More Slowly?” (with Jeffrey Sachs, *Journal of Economic Growth*, September 1999), and “An Empty Revolution: The Unfulfilled Promises of Hugo Chávez” (*Foreign Affairs*, March/April 2008). He holds a PhD in Economics from Harvard University.

**Timothy R. Scully** is Professor of Political Science, Fellow of the Kellogg Institute for International Studies, and Director of the Institute for Educational Initiatives at the University of Notre Dame. He has held research grants from the Social Science Research Council and the Fulbright Commission, as well as the Woodrow Wilson Center for International Scholars. He is the author of numerous articles and books, including *Rethinking the Center: Party Evolution in Nineteenth and Twentieth Century Chile* (Stanford University Press, 1992), and coauthor of *Christian Democracy in Latin America: Electoral Competition and Regime Conflict* (Stanford University Press, 2003, coedited), *Building Democratic Institutions: Party Systems in Latin America* (Stanford University Press, 1995, coedited), *Vínculos, creencias e ilusiones. La cohesión social de los latinoamericanos* (Uqbar editors, 2008, coedited), *El eslabón perdido. Familia, bienestar y modernización en Chile* (Taurus, 2006, coedited).

**Mitchell A. Seligson** is Centennial Professor of Political Science and Professor of Sociology at Vanderbilt University and Director of the Latin American Public Opinion Project (LAPOP). He previously held the Daniel H. Wallace Chair of Political Science at the University of Pittsburgh, where he also served as Director of the Center for Latin American Studies. His current work involves directing the AmericasBarometer, which

surveys over twenty countries in the hemisphere. He has held grants and fellowships from the Rockefeller Foundation, the Ford Foundation, the National Science Foundation, Fulbright, USAID and others; he has published over 140 articles and more than a 20 books and monographs. His most recent book, coauthored with John Booth is *The Legitimacy Puzzle in Latin America: Political Support and Democracy in Eight Nations* (Cambridge University Press, 2009).

**John D. Stephens** is Gerhard E. Lenski, Jr., Distinguished Professor of Political Science and Sociology at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill. He is the author or coauthor of four books including *Capitalist Development and Democracy* (with Evelyne Huber and Dietrich Rueschemeyer, 1992; winner, best book in political sociology), and *Development and Crisis of the Welfare State* (with Evelyne Huber, 2001; winner, best book in political economy) and numerous journal articles.

**Jorge Vargas Cullell** is Deputy Director of the Costa Rica-based State of the Nation Program. His current research involves citizen support for democracy and risks of political instability. He has served as a consultant for the United Nations Development Program (UNDP), the Swedish Agency for International Development Cooperation (SIDA), the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), and the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB). He has coauthored recent publications such as *The Political Culture of Democracy in Costa Rica* (2007) and *The Quality of Democracy: Theory and Applications* (2004). Vargas holds a PhD in Political Science from the University of Notre Dame.

**Ignacio Walker** is a research fellow of CIEPLAN, a widely respected research center in Santiago where, until 2008, he served as President. He is the author or editor of numerous books and articles including *Socialismo y Democracia (Chile y Europa en Perspectiva Comparada)* (CIEPLAN/Hachette, Santiago, 1990) and *El Futuro de la Democracia Cristiana* (Ediciones B, Grupo Zeta, Santiago, 1999). Under the Pinochet dictatorship he served as a human rights lawyer at the Vicariate of Solidarity and Research Fellow of CIEPLAN. Following the return to democracy, Walker served as Director of Political Relations at the Ministerio Secretaría General de la Presidencia (1990–1994), Member of Congress (1994–2002), and Minister of Foreign Affairs of Chile (2004–2006). He holds a PhD in Politics from Princeton University and a law degree from the University of Chile.